

Absorption Chiller OPERATION MANUAL

16LJ-01,02,03



Original instructions

Notes to Users

Thank you for purchasing Carrire Absorption Chiller.

Before operating the Chiller, please read this manual thoroughly. It contains instruction for the operation and maintenance of the Chiller.

Please utilize the Chiller to its optimum performance by following recommended daily maintenance and handling, and periodic service.

If you need any information about maintenance contract or any other inquiries, please contact Carrier service agent.

Product Information

If you have problems of questions concerning your chiller, you will need the following information. Model and serial numbers are on the nameplate on the bottom of the control panel.

Model No.

Serial number

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

This product is marked " CE " as it satisfied EEC Directive No. 2006/42/EC, 2004/108/EC, 97/23/EC, 90/396/EEC and conforms with following standards. This declaration will become void in case of misusage and/or from non observance though partial of Manufacturer's installation and/or operating instructions.

Note: The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Absorption Chiller Operation Manual < Hot Water Fired type>

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- 0. Summaries of product characteristics
 - 0-1. Product explanation
 - (1) Excellent for peak shaving during high electrical demand periods.
 - (2) Designed to provide chilled water from waste heat sources, generated from industrial processes and cogeneration systems.
 - (3) Allows diversification of critical cooling requirements. Critical cooling loads are met with minimal electrical power input with a hot water-fired chiller.
 - (4) Allows for smaller generator set installation be utilized since the electrical load associated with an absorption chiller is minimal when compared to an electric chiller.
 - (5) Ozone safe, CFC free. Cooling requirements are met without chlorine based refrigerants.
 - (6) Reduces affectors to global warming. Minimizes global impact by greatly reducing electricity consumption and eliminating the use of greenhouse gases.
 - (7) Environment: Molybdate solution inhibitor is used with no impact on environment.
 - (8) Low noise and vibration. The absorption chiller doses not utilize a large motor-compressor, and this leads to quiet, trouble-free operation.
 - (9) Small footprint saves facility space.

0-2. Use of product

Absorption Chiller is air conditioning equipment achieving comfortable space, energy saving, and economic efficiency.

It has been used in office buildings, hotels, department stores, hospitals, schools, convention centers, government building, etc.

0-3. Business name and address

(1) Manufacturer

Business name : Panasonic Corporation

Address : 1-1-1 Sakata, Oizumi-machi,, Ora-gun,, Gunma 370-0596, Japan

(2) Importer

Business name: Carrier S.A.S Address : BP 49-Route de Thil Q1122 MONTLUEL Cedex , France

0-4. Noise data

Model : 16LJ-	01	02	03
Noise [dB(A)]	Les	ss than	70

1-1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- * Before operating this chiller, you should first thoroughly read the following instructions.
- * All precautions are classified into either WARNING or CAUTION.

WARNING: Failure to observe this instruction may result in serious injury or death.CAUTION : Failure to observe this instruction may cause an injury or failure of chiller.Depending on circumstances, this may result in serious injury or death.

< Example >



A symbol denotes danger, warning or caution.

The illustration in the \cancel{R} symbol shows the specific description of such item. (The illustration to the left indicates that a special care must be taken to avoid electric shocks.)



 \odot symbol prohibits an action. The illustration in or near the \odot symbol shows the specific description of such item.



ymbol instructs an action to be done.
 The illustration in the **()** ymbol shows the specific description of such item.
 (The illustration to the left indicates that it should be grounded.)

* After reading this manual, it should be kept in fixed place to be available for any user at any time.

1-1-1. For safety usage



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS





1-1-2. Safety precautions for repair, moving or rejection

WA WA	RNING
ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD OVERHAUL THE CHILLER	
Only those who are authorized should overhaul the chiller. Incomplete service could result in electric shocks or a fire.	
Prohibited	
	JTION
ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD REMOVE OR REPAIR THE CHILLER	ONLY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD DISPOSE OF THE CHILLER
Any relocation or moving of the chiller should be done by authorized personnel only. Incomplete work could result in water leak, electric shocks or a	To dispose of the chiller, contact the local specialists. Any defective disposal may cause corrosion of metal areas or skin diseases by absorbent leak.
Must be observed	Must be observed

1-1-3.Operating precautions

- ① Keep the purge valve shut tightly to prevent air from leaking into the Chiller, which may cause the failure of the Chiller.
- ② Keep to turn on the power supply to the control panel without maintenance service.
- ③ During the dilution cycle operation of the Chiller as well, the chilled water pump (both the primary side and the secondary side) and air handling unit must be operated for the necessary time. The Chiller has a little cooling capacity even if it is in the dilution cycle operation. Do not stop the air handling unit before the necessary time to prevent possible subcooling.
- ④ Do not perform an insulation test on the control circuits of the electric controller.
- Use Carries recommended interlock system for stop/start of the auxiliary equipment.
 The interlock system automatically stops/starts chilled water pump and cooling water pump.
 Please follow the start procedure in Figure 1-1 below.



Fig.1-1 Auxiliary Equipment Start/Stop Sequence

1-2. HIGH TEMPERATURE • HIGH VOLTAGE CAUTION

- 1-2-1.Do not touch the Chiller during operation since the surface of it reaches a high temperature.
- 1-2-2. Do not touch the absorbent pump, the refrigerant pump, the purge pump during operation, since they reach a high temperature.
- 1-2-3. Do not touch the junction box during operation, since it contains high pressure wiring.
- 1-2-4. Do not touch the terminal box during operation, since it contains high voltage wiring.

1-3. USE ENVIRONMENT

1-3-1. Machine room

Absorption Chiller is indoor use ONLY.

IP number of Absorption Chiller is IP40.

Please keep the machine room temperature between 5°C and 40°C for protection of the solution crystallization during chiller shut down. Please keep the humidity in the machine room within 90%.

1-3-2. Field wiring

For CE, please connect to power source by overvoltage category ${\rm I\!I}$, and to other wiring by overvoltage category ${\rm I\!I}$.

1-3-3. Altitude

Please install Absorption Chiller at a height of less than 1000m above sea level. If the location is higher than 1000m above sea level, please contact Carrier agent.

1-4. WATER TREATMENT

Refer to "4. Maintenance" section.

2. ILLUSTRATION 2-1. DETAIL OF CHILLER



Fig.2-2 CONTROL PANEL SIDE







Fig.2-6 POWER BOX inside



Fig.2-7 OPERATION BOARD

2-3. FLOWCHART OF CHILLER AND FUNCTION OF EACH SECTION

a) EVAPORATOR

The refrigerant is dispersed on the heat transfer tubes of evaporator. Chilled water through the heat transfer tubes of evaporator is cooled by the latent heat of vaporized refrigerant.

b) ABSORBER

The concentrated solution is dispersed on the heat transfer tubes of absorber. The refrigerant vapor from evaporator is absorbed on the heat transfer tubes of absorber by the concentrated solution. Cooling water through the heat transfer tubes of absorber is heated by absorption heat.

c) HEAT EXCHANGER

The diluted solution, after leaving the absorber section, passes through the heat exchanger, where it is heated by the concentrated solution.

The concentrated solutions are cooled by the diluted solution. This cooling process of the concentrated solution allows for greater absorbing power due to its lower temperature.

d) GENERATOR

The passes through the heat transfer tubes of generator.

The diluted solution in the generator is heated by the hot water.

It releases the refrigerant vapor and is concentrated. It becomes concentrated solution.

e) CONDENSER

The refrigerant vapor from the generator is condensed on the heat transfer tubes of condenser. Cooling water from the absorber is heated by condensation heat.

f) PURGE UNIT

Gather the non-condensable gas within the Chiller/heater and store it in the purge tank.

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SYMBOL	NAME	
DT1	Chilled water outlet temperature	
DT2	Cooling water outlet temperature	
DT3	Generator temperature	
DT5	Condenser temperature	
DT6	Chilled water inlet temperature	
DT7	Cooling water inlet temperature	
DT8	No use	
DT9	No use	
DT10	Diluted solution temperature at Absorber outlet	
DT11	Refrigerant temperature at Evaporator	
DT12	Cooling water mid temperature	
DT13	No use	
DT14	No use	
DT15	Driving hot water inlet temperature	
DT16	Driving hot water outlet temperature	
23CH	Temperature controller	5 01
69CH	Chilled water flow switch	
PCH	Palladium cell heater	
69PR	Purge tank pressure	

Table 2-1 Sensor



Fig.2-8 FLOW DIAGRAM

3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

3-1. SELF-DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

Self-diagnostic function starts when the breaker inside the control panel of the Chiller is turned on.

After self-diagnosis is completed, the data display on the operation board shows the following indication.

3-1-1. Action after power supply throwing in and an indication

Throw a power supply into and (turn on a breaker in a control panel and) when it dose, a self-diagnostic function acts as follows.

- (1) Data display (the 7 segment LED) and all LEDs light up.
- (2) The data display shows a version number when there is no abnormality. When there is a power failure, H-10 is displayed after power return.



If self-diagnosis function detects any failure, it will be shown on the data display. As for the alarm indication, please refer to Section 3-8.

Fig. 3-1 Typical control panel

3-2. DESCRIPTION OF KEYS AND THEIR FUNCTIONS



Fig.3-2 Operation Board

- 1. Operation indication lamp
- 2. Stop indication lamp
- 3. Alarm indication lamp
- 4. Remote/local select key with lamp
- 5. Operation select key with lamp
- 6. Data display(7 segment LED)
- 7. Stand by indication lamp
- 8. Dilution indication lamp
- 9. Safety circuit indication lamp
- 10 Power indication lamp
- 11 Data select key

12 Alarm buzzer stop key

:Operation indication lamps light while the Chiller, pumps, etc. operate them.
:Stop indication lamps light while the Chiller, pumps, etc. stop them.
:Alarm indication lamps light that an abnormality occurred.
:Used to select remote operation or local operation.
:It is a key that a Chiller uses in the operation/stop.

It uses a stop key also in reset on an abnormality occurred. It shows temperature, set value, etc..

Push a run key and the Chiller begins operation until it light up.

:It lights during dilution operation.

:It lights a controlled circuit when a power supply is supplied.

There is a power supply than equipment side and, a breaker in an operational board lights time of ON. When changing an indication of a data display, when changing establishment value each, it is a key that uses establishment when being decided. It uses an alarm buzzer when stopping by a case of alarm

buzzer attachment(option).

3-3.SETTING OF OPERATION BOARD

3-3-1.HOW TO TIME SETTING





3-3-2. Battery backup

Refer to Fig.3-3.

SW3

Connect a backup battery which is used to maintain time setting at the time of power failure. Turn it ON after installing equipment. CR-2025 is used as the backup battery, functioning for an accumulative period of about six months.

Note

- •SW3 for battery backup is set OFF at the factory to avoid burning battery power.
- •When SW3 for battery backup is set OFF in case of power failure, "F-21 (CPU alarm)" or "F-23(Time set alarm)" will is displayed. Please reset time setting.
- In case that SW3 for battery back up is set ON and "F-21" or "F-23" are displayed, it is necessary to replace the battery.

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Fig.3-3 SW3 backup switch and backup battery

3-3-3. HOW TO CHANGE TEMPERATURE UNIT

It can changes a temperature unit by a following way, and can changes it even while the Chiller operates it.



3-3-4. How to change remote continuous, pulse ,etc. setting

After wiring of remote signal, setting of operation board shown below should be conducted. Refer to Field Electric Wiring.



3-4. OPERATION

3-4-1. Pre-operation check

Please check the following items before starting operation.



Fig. 3-4 Operation board

- Check of the setting point of the chilled water outlet temperature Make sure that the chilled water outlet temperature is set as specified. As for the indication of set value, please refer to Section 3-8.
- 2. Check of hot water line
 - (1) Make daily inspection.(Section 4.)
 - (2) Check that the valve(s) is open.

NOTE : If the chilled/hot water pump, cooling water pump, and Chiller are interlocked, each pump runs automatically when starting the Chiller.
If otherwise, the start sequence must be: 1) Chilled water pump, 2) Cooling water pump, and 3) The Chiller.

3-4-2. Start operation

- 1. Local operation mode
 - (1) Press "Local" key on the operation board of the chiller."Local" indication lamp of the key lights.
 - (2) Keep pressing "Run" key for more than a second and make sure that "Run" indicator lamp of the key lights.
 - (3)Automatic operation starts.



Fig. 3-5 Operation board

- Remote operation mode

 Press "Remote" key on the operation board of the Chiller .
 "Remote" indication lamp of the key lights.
 - (2) Turn on the start switch on the remote control panel of field supply. The indicator lamp of "Run" key on the operation board of the Chiller lights.
 - (3) Automatic operation starts.



Fig. 3-6 Operation board

NOTE : In local operation mode, a signal coming from the remote control panel is not effective. In remote operation mode, "Run" key on the operation board of the Chiller does not work.

- 3-4-3. Stop operation
 - 1. Local operation mode
 - (1) Keep pressing "Stop" key on the operation board of the chiller for more than a second.
 - (2) Make sure that "Run" indication lamp goes off and "Stop" indication lamp lights.



Fig.3-7 Operation board

- 2. Remote operation mode
 - (1) Turn on the stop switch on the remote control panel of field supply.
 - (2) Another way to stop the chiller is to press "Stop" key on the operation board of the chiller during remote operation.

NOTE : If the chilled water pump, cooling water pump, and Chiller are interlocked, each pump stops automatically when the Chiller stops.
If otherwise, please stop them in the following sequence:
1) The Chiller 2) Cooling water pump 3) Chilled water pump
The air handling unit must be stopped after the chilled water pump is stopped.

3-5. HOW TO CHANGE INDICATION ON DATA DISPLAY

3-5-1. Regular indication

Data display on the operation board usually shows high temperature genarator temperature as follows.

(Display Example)



Fig.3-8 Operation board

It returns to a genarator temperature indication when there is no key operation for 1 minute again.

3-5-2. How to change indication

If you press ▲ key, the indication on data display changes in order, and pressing ▼ key, it changes in reverse order.

If you press A key again when you get to the last indication, it returns to the regular indication.



Fig.3-9 Operation board

3-5-3. Typical indication flow

It shows present data timely in data indication copy (7 segment LED and 6 figures). Indicative contents shows a data code (contents distinction by a code number) by various operational time, on/off time, every part temperature, chilled water temterature setting point and alarm code.

It sends a data code in turn by a $\blacktriangle \lor$ key and shows it. It shows an alarm code only when an abnormality occurrs and, when an abnormality of a plural occurrs, high thing of a privileged grade is shown and, under numeral right of the alam code dotted "." is shown. Further, an alame code of a plural is shown in oeder by means of a $\blacktriangle \lor$ key when existing.

When it pushes whether threr is no key operation and a "Back" key for 1 minute, it becomes a generator temperature indication.

	Data code	Data name	Display	Means
	-	Genarator temperature	135.0	135°C
Î	1.	Chiller operation hours	112355	12355hours
	2.	Absorbent pump operation hours	2. 5235	5235hours
▼	3.	#2 absorbent pump operation hours	3	No use
Ļ	4.	Combustion hours	4	No use
	5.	Refrigerant pump operation hours	5. 5030	503hours
	6.	Purge pump operation hours	<i>5</i> . <i>1D7</i>	107hours
	7.	Chiller on/off times	7. 63	63times
	8.	Absorbent pump on/off times	8. 1071	1071times
	9.	#2 absorbent pump on/off times	9	No use
	Α.	Combustion on/off times	R	No use
	В.	Refrigerant pump on/off times	<u>b.</u> 87	87times
	C.	Purge pump on/off times	L. 3022	3022times
	10.	Chilled water temperature setting point		7.0°C
	11.	Hot water temperature setting point	11.55.0	55°C
	12.	Chilled water inlet temperature	12. 11.9	11.9°C
	13.	Chilled water outlet temperature	13. 5.8	6.8°C
	14.	Cooling water inlet temperature	14. 31.8	31.8°C
	15.	Condenser temperature	15. 34.7	34.7°C
	16.	Steam drain/exhaust gas temperature	15.	No use
	17.	Purge tank pressure	17. 8.5	8.5kPa
	-	Generator temperature	1350	135°C

Table 3-1 Typical indication flow

3-6. HOW TO CHANGE INDICATION AND SETTING POINT

3-6-1. Indication of setting point

Section 3-5-2. How to change indication by, it makes shows present "chilled water temperature setting point".

3-6-2. How to change setting point

After making showing present setting point temperature, it changes setting point temperature by a following process.



Setting point change is decided.

When it pushes whether there is no key operation and the "BACK" key for 1 minute, it becomes a generator temperature indication.

NOTE 1: Wrong setting may cause the failure of the Chiller. If you need to change setting point, please be sure to consult Carrier service agent. In case you set chilled water outlet temperature below rated value, maximum input needs to be decreased. Please be sure to consult Carrier service agent.

NOTE 2: Setting point become effective upon changing them. Please be careful in changing set values during operation.

3-7. MAINTENANCE MESSAGE

3-7-1. Maintenance message

When a trouble which could disturb an efficient operation of the Chiller is predicted, it provides you with the forewarning.

3-7-2. How it is shown

It provides you with a comment on the data display as follows when a trouble is predicted.

	Data code	Data name	Display	Means
\star	H-01	Operate purge pump	H - []	Operate purge pump.
\star	H-03	Clean cooling water tubes	H - []]	Fouling of cooling water tubes.
*	H-04	Check cooling water system	H - [] 4	Check the cooling water pump,
				cooling tower, etc.
☆	H-06	Purge tank high pressure	H - [] [5	Purge tank pressure is high.
☆	H-07	Cooling water tubes foul	H - [] 7	Fouling of cooling water tubes.
☆	H-08	Cooling water high temperature	H - []	Cooling water temperature is high.
	H-10	Power failure	H - 1[]	There was power failure in time
				that the Chiller is operating.

Table 3-2 Maintenance message

 \star mark : When this appears, the Chiller needs an immediate action.

☆ mark : When this appears, the Chiller does not need an immediate action.
 However, as this might lead to ★ mark code, attention should be paid.
 Consult Carrier service personnel at the next periodic maintenance.

NOTE : These indications disappear when the failure is corrected.

3-7-3. Descriptions of Maintenance Message and Actions

	Maintenance Message	Display	Action
1	Fouling of cooling	H - 17	
	water tubes	H - []]	Cooling water tubes must be cleaned.
			Contact Carrier service agent to do the job.
2	Vacuum rate	H - [] [5	
		H - []	The purge tank must be purged immediately.
		In case this indication is shown frequently,	
			contact Carrier service agent.
3	High temperature	H - []	
	of cooling water	H - [] 4	Check the cooling water pump, cooling tower, etc.
4	Power failure	H - 1 []	See section 3-8-5.

 Table 3-3 Descriptions of Maintenance Messages and Actions

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3-8. ALARM INDICATIONS AND ACTIONS

3-8-1. How they are shown

When an alarm is detected, alarm buzzer sounds(option) and the content of the alarm is shown on the data display. At the same time, the indication lamp of "STOP" key blinks.

The Chiller stops for safety reasons after dilution cycle operation.

Depending on the content of the alarm, it stops without dilution cycle operation.

Display example 1 - 1 Cl	Chilled water low temperature
--------------------------	-------------------------------

It shows an alarm code only when an abnormality occurrs, and when an abnormality of a plural occurs, high thing of a privileged grade is shown, and under numeral right of the alarm code dotted "." is shown.

Display example 🗾 - 🗾 1	Chilled water low temperature
Further, an alarm code of a plural is shown in ord <mark>e</mark> r by	
means of a \blacktriangle key when existing.	
Display example 1 - 15	High temperature generator's
	solution level is too low.

3-8-2. Troubleshooting flowchart

THE CHILLER

```
ACTION
```



3-8-3. Content of alarm and setting point

Purpose	Display	Contents of alarm	Setting point
Protection of	<u>_</u> / - <u>[]</u> /	Chilled water temperature is too low.	2.5°C or below
Chilled water		Chilled water pump interlock has failure.	-
system	<u> </u> - <u>1</u>]	Few flow rate of chilled water	50% or below
		Cooling water temperature is too low.	24°C or below
			after 30 minutes
Prevention of	<u>1 - 11 6</u>	Cooling water pump interlock has failure.	-
Crystallization	<u>_</u> / - <u>[]</u> 7	Few flow rate of cooling water	50% or below
	<u> </u> -]	Generator's	95°C
		temperature is too high.	
Protection of	1 - 15	High concentration of absorbent	65.0% or above
generator			2 times
			65.5% or above
Protection of Motor	<u>- 17</u>	Absorbent pump has overload.	Rated current
	<u> </u>	Refrigerant pump has overload.	value or above
	1 - 12	Purge pump has overload.	
Others	_/ - / / _	Ventilation fan interlock etc. have failure.	
		Capacity is too low.	-
	1 - 2 7	Cooling tower fan has overload.	

Table 3-4 List of alarm and setting point in cooling operation

3-8-4. Locating Alarm and Disposal

	Display and contents of alarm		
Alarm of the		Check that the discharge pressure of both	
Chilled water	Chilled water temperature is too low	chilled water and cooling water pumps	
and/or	<u> </u> - <u> </u> 	are normal.	
cooling water	Few flow rate of chilled water	ightarrow If not, there may be the clogging of	
system		strainer, air leak in the pipe line, etc.	
		Is the chilled water setting point too low?	
	1 - 2 1 Cooling water temperature is too low.	\rightarrow Correct them to specified setting point.	
		Is the cooling water setting point too low?	
	Few flow rate of cooling water	\rightarrow Correct them to specified setting point.	
	(Option)	(ex. 28°C)	
		Correct the above causes and restart the	
		Chiller. If it still gives you the	
		"CHILLER ALARM ", check the following and	
		contact Carrier service agent.	
		1) Temperature of chilled/hot water inlet	
		and outlet	
		2) Temperature of cooling water inlet and outlet	
		3) Temperature and pressure of generator	

Table 3-5 List of Alarm Indications and their Causes and Remedies Display and contents of alarm

Alarm of the	1 - 11 4	First, check that the reset button(s) of the
Motor(s)	Absorbent pump has overload.	overload relay connected to electromagnetic
		electromagnetic contactor sticks out, and
		then contact Carrier service agent.
	Refrigerant pump has overload.	
		CONPI
Alarm of the		Check that the chilled water pump
Auxiliary	Chilled water pump interlock has	and cooling water pump are rotating.
	failure.	\rightarrow Start the pumps.
equipment(s)	<u> 0</u> 6	Check the ventilation fan and/or other
	Cooling water pump interlock has failure.	equipment(s) which is connected to system interlock.
		Correct the above causes and restart the
		Chiller. If it still gives you the
		"CHILLER ALARM", check the following and
	1-27	contact Carrier service agent.
	Cooling tower fan has overload.	

Alarm of the		
generator	Generator's	Check that the cooling water pump is rotating.
	temperature is too high.	\rightarrow Start the pump.
		Check that the valve of the cooling water
	Generator's	line is open.
	pressure is too high.	\rightarrow Open the valve.
		Check that the discharge pressure of cooling
		water pump is normal.
		\rightarrow If not, there may be the clogging of
	1 - 15	strainer, air leak in the pipe line, etc.
	High concentration of absorbent	
		Correct the above causes and restart the
		Chiller. If it still gives you the
		"CHILLER ALARM", check the following and
		contact Carrier service agent.
		1) Temperature of chilled water inlet
		and outlet
		2) Temperature of cooling water inlet
		and outlet
		3) Temperature and pressure of generator
		4) Is the shilled water setting point too low?
		4) is the chilled water setting point too low? \rightarrow Correct it to specified setting point
		\rightarrow correct it to specified setting point.
		5) There may be the fouling of heat
		transfer tube in the water (especially.
		cooling water) line.



- 3-8-5. Action in case of power failure
 - (1) Flowchart of action in case of power failure



(2) Matters to be attended to when a power failure occurs

When a power failure occurs, the Chiller stops completely without dilution cycle operation. Special attention should be paid to the following.

Condition of Operation at power failure	Action						
Occurred during cooling operation,	Immediately contact Carrier service agent.						
and took more an hour to return power	Do not restart operation.						
Occurred during cooling operation,	Contact Carrier service agent after						
and took less than an hour to return power	restarting operation.						
Occurred during purging operation	Immediately close purge valve completely						
	and turn off the purge pump switch on						
	the control panel. After power returns,						
	restart the purging, and consult Carrier						
	service agent.						

Table 3-6 Matters to be attended to when a power failure occurs

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4. MAINTENANCE 4-1. DAILY MAINTENANCE

4-1-1. Inspection of each part of the Chiller

If you find the abnormal condition, please contact Carrier service agent.

- (1) Smell of gas or oil leak around the Chiller
- (2) Abnormal noise at the start of burner
- (3) Abnormal noise of absorbent pump and refrigerant pump

Please consult your system constructor for the following items.

- (4) Cleaning of the cooling tower and the strainer of the cooling water line
- (5) Check of the condition of cooling tower
- (6) Check of the air leak in the pipe line

4-1-2. Operation data record

Please record the operation data regularly. It is useful for troubleshooting and alarm prevention. Please show it to Carrier service personnel when they visit you for the service or the periodic inspection.

The sample of operation data sheet is shown in Table 4-1.

	TES	I OPERAT	ION DAT	ASHEEL	1	1
Custome	r name:					1/2
Mfg. No.		_		Accepted	l	
Type:				Reviewed		
				Prepared		
No.	Data items	ι ι	inits	time:	time:	time:
		Spec.		DATA-1	DATA-2	DATA-3
1	Ambient Temp.	°C				
2	Room Temp.	⊃°				
3	Chilled W. Inlet F/C	°C∕° F				
4	Chilled W. outlet	°C∕° F				
5	CH. W. In. Press.					
6	CH. W. out. Press.					
7	Press.Drop ft/m					
8	Chilled W Flow GPM	m3/H,GPM				
9	Refrigerant capacity	Kcal/h				
10	Capacity USRT					
11	Cooling W. Inlet F/C	°C/°F				
12	Cooling W. outlet F/C	°C/° F				
13	CL. W. In. Press.					
14	CL. W. out. Press.					
15	Press.Drop ft/m					
16	Cooling W. Flow GPM					
17	Cooling water Capacity	kcal/h				
18	HT.GENE Temp	°C				
19	Exhaust Gas Temp	°C				
20	Inverter HZ	HZ				
21	#1 ABS P Amp	Amp.				
22	#2 ABS P Amp	Amp.				
23	Ref P Amp	Amp.				
24	Burner Motor, Amp.	Amp.				
25	HT.GENE Level					
26	Evap Level	\bigcirc				
27	Purge Tank Press.	7				
28	Diluted Damper	•				
29	Intermed, Damper	0				
30	Concent Damper	0				
31 ☆	GAS consumption	m3/H.GPM				
32 🛣	Gas supply press.	1				
33 🔶	Oil consumption	L/h				
34 🔶	Oil pressure	kg/cm2				
35	Draft	mmH2O				
36	Chamb. Press.	mmH2O				
37 🛆	Steam consumption	Kg/h			1	1
38 🛆	Steam pressure	Kg/cm2			1	
39	Heat input	Kcal/h			1	
40 ☆◆	CO	ppm				
41 ☆ ◆	CO2	%			1	
42 🕁 🔶	02	%			1	
43	SSNO	/0			1	
44 🛧 📥	NoX	nnm			1	1
	Ar : Gas combustion type					
	• Oil compustion type					
	\checkmark . On combustion type					
				<u> </u>	 • •	

Gustomer Mfg. No. Type: No. 44 45	name: Data items LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.		units Spec.	Accepted Reviewed Prepared time:		2/			
Mitg. No. Type: No. 44 45	Data items LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	<u>%</u>	units Spec.	Accepted Reviewed Prepared time:					
1ype: No. 44 45	Data items LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	%	units Spec.	Reviewed Prepared time:					
No. 44 45	Data items LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	<u>ل</u>	units Spec.	Prepared time:					
44 45	Data items LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	۱ %	units Spec.	time:					
44	LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	%	Spec.		time:	time:			
44 45	LiBr Concentrate. Density Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.	%		DATA-1	DATA-2	DATA-3			
45	Specific gravity Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.								
45	Liquid temperature LiBr Diluute solution Den.								
45	LiBr Diluute solution Den.	°C							
		%							
	Specific gravity								
	Liquid temperature	°C							
46	H2O	%							
	Specific gravity								
	Liquid temperature	ා°							
47	Cond Temp	<u></u>							
48									
40	*I TD-		n '- Caalin		 				
	*LID-	Cond. Ten	1p Coolin		Temp.				
	TI: I.								
	This data sheets is available								
	for Installation test running,								
	Operation test running and								
	Service & Maintenance test								
	running.								
				Necessary item Nos.					
	Installation test	\rightarrow	1~47						
	Operation test	\rightarrow	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	,8,9,10,11,12,1	3,1 <mark>4</mark> ,15,16,18,	19,25,26,27,			
			31,32,33,34	,37,38,		_			
	Service & Maintenance test	\rightarrow	1~48						
Others									
Outers									
				1					

4-2. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

To use the Chiller to its optimum performance, it requires the purging, refrigerant blow down, absorbent control, and management of combustion equipment, etc. We recommend that you make a maintenance contract with Carrier service agent.

4-2-1. Purging

The non condensable gas of the machine inside, not only decreases cooling capacity but also has a bad influence on the life of the machine.

Please leave it to Carrier service personnel under the

maintenance contract. The customer can carry out the purging, but should take instruction by our service personnel.



(1) Purge procedure

When the purge indication lamp on the control panel lights, start purging by following the instructions below.

- a) Turn on the purge pump on/off switch on the control panel, and operate the purge pump for 10 minutes.
- b) Open V1 and V2.
- c) Press "▲" key on the operation board once to indicate 17. purge tank pressure (refer to section 3-5-3) and confirm whether the indicated value drops. If it does not drop, follow the procedure e), f), and g), and contact Carrier service agent.
- d) Perform purging for 10 minutes. Even if the purge indication lamp stops lighting before 10 minutes have passed, please continue purging for 10 minutes. When the lamp does not stop lighting, continue purging until the lamp stops lighting.
- e) Close V1 and V2.

f) Turn off the purge pump on/off switch.

g) Check whether the valves are open/closed.



Fig.4-1-1

4-2-2. Refrigerant blow down

During cooling operation, a little quantity of absorbent could mix into the refrigerant. This absorbent could increase by a long-term operation and result in a lowering of the cooling capacity, so refrigerant blow down must be performed once in a cooling season. By this work, the dirty refrigerant is transferred to absorber side, and new, clear refrigerant is regenerated.



- Make sure the refrigerant pump is rotating, and also the solution level is visible through the sight glass of the evaporator.
- (2) Open the blow valve completely.
- (3) When the solution level becomes invisible, close the blow valve tightly.

The above is the blow down procedure. Repeat it a few times as necessary. As for the refrigerant blow down, please make a maintenance contract with Carrier service agent.

4-3. WATER TREATMENT

The water treatment is very important to the Chiller. As the water treatment requires technical knowledge, please consult Carrier service agent.

4-3-1. Water Treatment for Chilled water and Cooling water

The cooling water of an open-type recycling cooling tower lowers the temperature of the cooling water using vaporized latent heat, and is reused. At this time, the water is evaporated and the following salts (hardness materials, chloride ion, sulfate ion, etc.) are concentrated. Namely, the condensation phenomena of such materials occur, and water quality will be gradually degraded.

As the water and air always come in contact with each other in the cooling tower, the sulfurous acid gas, dust, sand, etc. in the atmosphere will mix into the water, further degrading the water quality.

In the cooling water system, problems with water are caused by these factors. Typical problems are corrosion, scales and slimes.

(1) Water quality standard

Water quality standard is shown in table 4-2 as an example. Table4-2 is an extract from JRA-GL 02-1994.

Climaproyectos

Table 5-2 Water Quality Standard Values for Cooling Water, Chilled Water, Mid-range Temperature Water and Make-up Water⁽⁵⁾

Γ		ale- ming	0	0			0	0	0	0	0						0	
	endency ^{ra}	y S lo			-													
4		Corrosi	0	0	0	0					0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
systems ⁽³⁾	d-range ater system	Make-up water	7.0 ~ 8.0	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less	30 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	not to be detected	0.1 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	ł	
D-90°C) water	Higher mi temperature w	Recirculating water 60 <t≤90°c]< td=""><td>7.0 ~ 8.0</td><td>30 or less (300 or less)</td><td>30 or less</td><td>30 or less</td><td>50 or less</td><td>70 or less</td><td>50 or less</td><td>30 or less</td><td>1.0 or less</td><td>1.0 or less</td><td>not to be detected</td><td>0.1 or less</td><td>0.1 or less</td><td>0.4 or less</td><td>1</td><td></td></t≤90°c]<>	7.0 ~ 8.0	30 or less (300 or less)	30 or less	30 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	not to be detected	0.1 or less	0.1 or less	0.4 or less	1	
emperature (20	d-range ater system	Make-up water	7.0 ~ 8.0	30 or less (300 or less)	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	not to be detected	0.1 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	1	
Mid-range	Lower mi temperature v	Recirculating water 20 <t≤60°c)< td=""><td>7.0 - 8.0</td><td>30 or less [300 or less]</td><td>50 or less</td><td>50 or less</td><td>50 or less</td><td>70 or less</td><td>50 or less</td><td>30 or less</td><td>1.0 or less</td><td>1.0 or less</td><td>not to be detected</td><td>0.3 or less</td><td>0.25 or less</td><td>0.4 or less</td><td>ł</td><td></td></t≤60°c)<>	7.0 - 8.0	30 or less [300 or less]	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	not to be detected	0.3 or less	0.25 or less	0.4 or less	ł	
	ter system	Make-up water	6.8 ~ 8.0	30 or less (300 or less)	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	not to be detected	0.1 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	I	
	Chilled wa	Recirculating water [T≤20°C]	6.8 - 8.0	40 or less (400 or less)	50 or less	50 or less	S0 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	not to be detected	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	-1	
(I) SU	Once through type	Once through water	6.8 ~ 8.0	40 or less (400 or less)	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	1.0 or less	1.0 or less	not to be detected	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	I	
Cooling water syster	ting type	Make-up water	6.0 ~ 8.0	30 or less (300 or less)	50 or less	50 or less	50 or less	70 or less	50 or less	30 or less	0.3 or less	0.1 or less	not to be detected	0.1 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	1	
	Recircula	Recirculating water	6.5 ~ 8.2	80 or less (800 or less)	200 or less	200 or less	100 or less	200 or less	150 or less	50 or less	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	not to be detected	1.0 or less	0.3 or less	4.0 or less	6.0 ~ 7.0	
ltem ^()X6)			(mS/m) (25°C) [J\$/cm] (25°C) ⁽¹⁾	(mg Cl/ l)	(mgSO42/1)	H4.8) (mgCaCOy ()	(mgCaCO/ l)	(mgCaCO/ l)	(mgSiO_/ 1)	(mgFe/ l)	(mgCu/ {)	(mgS ^{2,} / f)	(mgNH4+/ {)	(mgCl/ ()	(mgCO ₂ / l)	× .		
		Item ⁽¹⁾	pH (25°C)	Electric conductivity {	Chloride ion	Sulfate ion	Acid consumption (p)	Total hardness	Calcium hardness	Ionic silica	Iron	Copper	Sulfide ion	Ammonium ion	Residual chlorine	Free carbon dioxide	Ryzner stability index	
			Standard items									emoti e	ouar	Refe				

Noles:

(1) The nomenclature of items, definition of terms and units shall comply with the JIS K 0101. Incidentally, the unit and numeral in [] are conventional ones which were put here for reference.

The mark O indicates factors affecting the corrosive or scale-forming tendency.
 When temperature is high (above 40°C), corrosiveness generally increases. Especially, when the iron/steel surface has no protective film and directly contacts water, it is desirable to adequately take

countermeasures against corrosion, such as addition of corrosion inhibitor and deaeration treatment.

(4) As for the cooling water system using a closed type cooling tower, the water quality standard for the mid-range temperature water system shall be applied to the closed circuit recirculating/sprinkling water and its make-up water, while the water quality standard for the recirculating cooling water system shall be applied to the closed circuit recircul (5) City water, industrial water and ground water shall be used as source water, and demineralized water, reclaimed water, softened water, etc. shall be excluded. (6) The 15 items listed above show typical factors of contrine and water mathement.

- [Note 1] Each item of the standard values may cause the failure due to corrosion or scale and if any item deviates from the standard value, it is assumed that corrosion or scale tends to be caused, therefore, these should be periodically managed.
- [Note 2] As the range of the water quality which may become usable if the water is processed differs depending on the chemicals to be used, it is not given here. It is desirable to set the appropriate water quality management values under the guidance of a water processing specialist and periodically manage the water quality.
- (2) Typical water treatment

Even if make-up water for cooling water agrees with water standards, the water quality gets worse by its concentration, therefore the following water treatment is necessary. To varying extent of deterioration, chilled/hot water also requires this treatment. In case you use concrete heat storage tank, special attention should be paid to water treatment.

- a) Periodic and continuous manual blow down by make-up water
- b) Automatic blow down by electric conductance
- c) Addition of the anticorrosion
- d) Slime control
- e) Periodic water analysis

Overhaul water header periodically, check heat transfer tube and clean it as necessary.



For example, if 0.6mm of scale clings to tube, cooling capacity drops to 76%, and chilled water temperature rises by 2°C and fuel consumption rises by 23%.

- (A) In case of constant cooling capacity (Ratio at rated fuel consumption)
- B Rise in fuel consumption
- C Lowering of cooling capacity (In case of constant chilled water temperature)
- D Rise in chilled water temperature (In case of constant cooling capacity)

Fig.4-3 Example of effect by fouling of tube

4-3-2. Water treatment for long term shut down

Perform the following treatment during long term shut down with no-circulation of chilled/hot water, cooling water in the Chiller. Please consult Carrier service agent for the the details.

(1) Cooling water

Wet lay up usually. (Keep the cooling water full in the Chiller.) In case the freezing of cooling water is likely to happen, drain it from the Chiller. (Dry lay up) Operation of valve is different between wet lay up and dry lay up.

a)Wet lay up

a-1)Discharge cooling water from its discharge port on the cooling water outlet. a-2)Pour anticorrosive into the water.

Check holding water quantity and decide the anticorrosive quantity so that the propotion of both quantity is appropriate.

a-3)Full up the cooling water in the Chiller.

a-4)Operate the cooling water pump until anticorrosive is evenly mixed.

a-5)Close the isolation valves of inlet and outlet on the cooling water line.

b)Dry lay up

Before draining cooling water from the Chiller, clean the inside of the tube and make corrosion protective covering.

b-1)Discharge cooling water from its discharge port on the cooling water outlet.

b-2)Remove the scale and/or slime adhesion in the tubes by brush cleaning.

(If scale and/or slime cannot be removed by brush cleaning, perform chemical cleaning.)

b-3)After sufficient washing, pour anticorrosive into the water, and circulate the water with anticorrosive for 30 minutes or more.

(The concentration of anticorrosive should be even.)

b-4)Discharge the water from the discharge port on the cooling water inlet.

b-5)Keep the discharge port open during shut down.

(2) Chilled water

Wet lay up usually. (Keep the chilled water full in the Chiller.)

4-3-3. Winter season

In case the ambient temperature of the Chiller in winter is likely to be below 0°C, freeze prevention is necessary.

Consult Carrier service agent for the details.

4-4. RECOMMENDED SCHEDULE OF MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT OF MAIN COMPONENTS

Please contact Carrier service agent.



5. MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

To enjoy safe and efficient operation of the Chiller for a long time, daily maintenance and periodic inspection are essential. The main items are as follows.

- (1) Confirmation of the function of Safety devices and their Adjustment
- (2) Check of the condition of the operation and Recording of the data

These works need special tools and a special skill.

We offer an annual maintenance contract to users of the Chiller. In the contract, we provide trained service personnel, who perform the periodic diagnosis and adjustment of the Chiller with the latest technology.

Consult Carrier service agent for the details.

5-1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

We established an annual maintenance contract to offer our customers periodic inspection and maintenance for Carrier Absorption Chiller. If you make this contract, Carrier service agent will perform maintenance/inspection and adjustment works on their own initiative to keep your Chiller in its best condition, and priority will be given to you for repairs of the Chiller in case of failure.

It is recommended to perform an overhaul of the Chiller once several years to keep it in its best condition. It is included in the maintenance contract to let the customers know the timing and the parts to be overhauled. There is another contract for the water quality control and the cleaning of heat transfer tubes in the water system. We also recommend that you make this contract as well.

5-2. INSPECTION REPORT

We issue an inspection report when you make an annual maintenance contract. In the report, a thorough description of the inspection/adjustment items are written so that Carrier service personnel will not overlook any of the inspection items. At inspection, Carrier service personnel fill in the report, leave one copy with the customer, and take one copy back to the office so that they can use it for future maintenance works.

We will not re-issue this report, so please be sure to keep it in the fixed place and show it to Carrier service personnel when they visit you.

5-3. WARRANTY

- 5-3-1. Carrier service agent will hand it to you after filling in the warranty. Please confirm the warranty period, read it carefully and keep it in a safe place.
- 5-3-2. In case the Chiller fails within the warranty period under normal operating conditions, we will replace all the necessary spare parts or repair the Chiller free of charge.
- 5-3-3. After the warranty period expires, all repair costs will be charged. Consult your service agent.
- 5-3-4. As for other items, please read your warranty.

